TITLE IX and INVESTIGATIVE TRAINING

Kirkwood School District August 4, 2021



- BOE Policies AC and ACA
- Definitions
- Investigation Basics and Process
- Collection of Evidence
- Scenario
- Investigative Report
- Investigative Basics
- Decision/Appeal

BOARD POLICIES

BOE POLICIES FOR NON-DISCRIMINATION

•AC – Prohibition Against Illegal Discrimination, Harassment and Retaliation

• ACA – Sexual Harassment under Title IX

AC

Compliance Officer for Personnel:

Dr. Howard Fields III Assistant Superintendent for Human Resources

Compliance Officer for Students:

Dr. Matt Bailey Assistant Superintendent for Data, Intervention and Support

ACA

Title IX Coordinator:

Dr. Howard Fields, III
Assistant Superintendent for Human
Resources

DEFINITIONS

NEW SEXUAL HARASSMENT DEFINITION

- Quid Pro Quo Harassment
- Hostile Environment
- Harassment under the Violence Against
 Women Act & Clery Act

QUID PRO QUO HARASSMENT

- An employee conditioning an aid, service, or benefit of the school district on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct
- Does not need to be evaluated for "severity, pervasiveness, and objective offensiveness"
- Expressed or implied

HOSTILE ENVIRONMENT

- Unwelcome conduct
- Reasonable person
- So severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive
- Effectively denies a person's equal access to education program or activity

HARASSMENT UNDER VAWA & CLERY ACT

- Sexual Assault
- Dating Violence
- Domestic Violence
- Stalking



- Rape
- Sodomy
- Sexual Assault with an Object
- Fondling
- Incest
- Statutory Rape

DATING VIOLENCE

- Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim
- Existence of relationship determined based on consideration of the length, type, and frequency of interaction
- Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse
- Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence

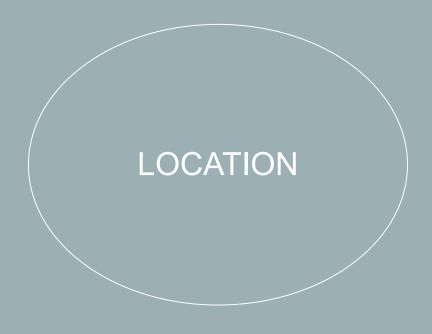


Felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by:

- Current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim
- Person with whom the victim shares a child in common
- Person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner
- Person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of Missouri
- Person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of Missouri

STALKING

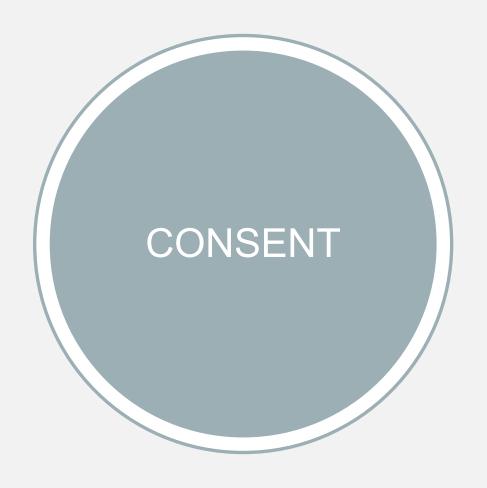
 Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress



• In an educational program or activity- locations, events, or circumstances over which the school district exercised substantial control over both the Respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurs

- Between students, between employees, between student and employee
- Between different or same genders
- Involving third-party (visitor, vendor)
- Switch from welcomed to unwelcomed
- Welcomed by one person but not another





- Consent is informed, actively given, and mutually understood and accepted
- Coercion, intimidation, or incapacity prevent consent
- Consent to one form of conduct does not imply consent to any other form of conduct
- Consent can be withdrawn

RETALIATION

 Adverse treatment in response to seeking protection under Title IX

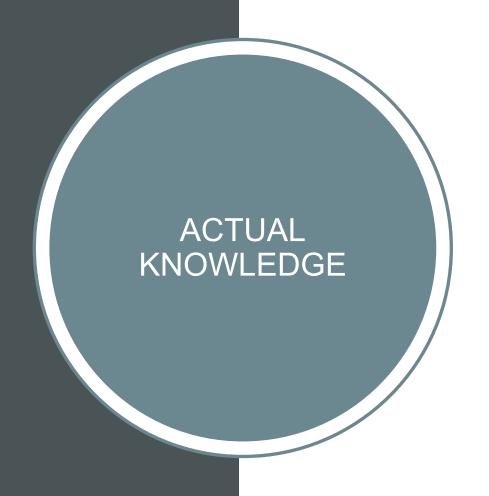
 May be independent basis for charge or litigation

 Examples include harassment in educational program, discipline, or denial of participation

RESPONSE TO NOTICE OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT



- Must be prompt
- Must not be "deliberately indifferent"
- "Deliberately Indifferent"
 means clearly unreasonable in
 light of the known
 circumstances



- "Actual knowledge" is notice of sexual harassment or allegations of sexual harassment to any district employee
- Any person may report sexual discrimination (alleged victim or any third party)
- May report to Title IX Coordinator in person, by mail, phone, or email
- District must respond promptly



- Available before or after a formal complaint or when no complaint has been filed
- Discuss availability of supportive measures, with or without the filing of a formal complaint
- Explain the process for filing a formal complaint
- Record any supportive measures taken or why supportive measures were not taken

INVESTIGATION BASICS

ELEMENTS



EQUITABLE TREATMENT



OBJECTIVE EVALUATION OF EVIDENCE



NO CONFLICT OF INTEREST OR BIAS



PRESUMPTION OF NOT RESPONSIBLE



PROMPT TIME FRAMES

WHO SHOULD INVESTIGATE

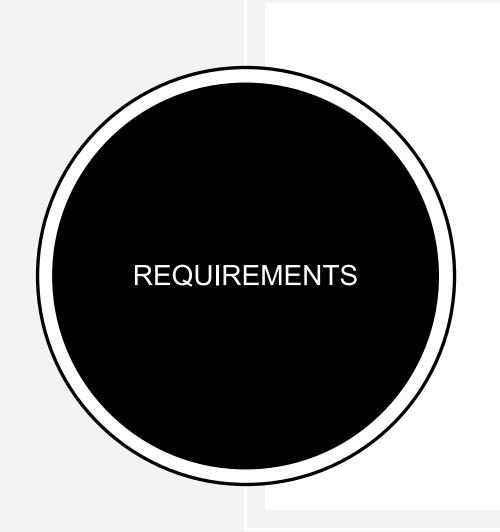
- Determined by Title IX Coordinator
- Investigator must be unbiased and without conflict of interest to both complainant and respondent
- Consider outside investigator if conflict of interest (e.g., if complaint against Superintendent)



Investigate efficiently and effectively

Take allegations seriously

 Do not refuse investigation because of delayed timing of complaint



- Ensure that the burden of proof and the burden of gathering evidence rest on the school district and not on the parties,
- Provide an equal opportunity for parties to present witnesses and evidence
- Not restrict the ability of either party to discuss the allegations or gather and present evidence

INTERVIEW GUIDELINES

Face-to-face

Relaxed, respectful atmosphere

Brief introduction to explain purpose of interview

Obtain signed and dated written statement

Open-ended v. closed questions

Identify specifics (e.g., dates, locations, people)

Take thorough notes (possibly third person in room)

Do not promise complete confidentiality

Don't offer your opinion

INVESTIGATION PROCESS

OVERVIEW AFTER FORMAL COMPLAINT

Notices

Dismissal

Consolidation

Collection of Evidence

Review of Evidence by Parties

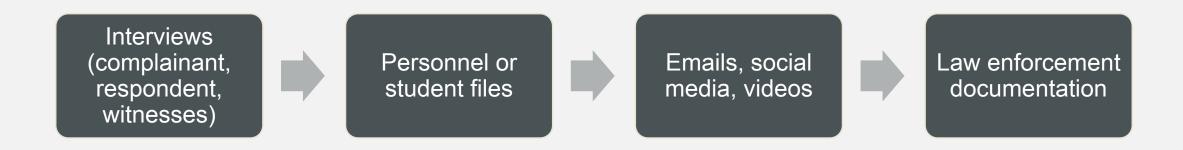
Investigative Report/Response/Exchange of Questions



- Written & Signed by Complainant
 - Complainant must be participating in the education program or activity at time of filing
 - Parent/legal guardian may file on behalf of student
 - Title IX Coordinator may sign a formal complaint, potentially over the alleged victim's objections
- No other third party can file a formal complaint
- Description of allegation (date, location, witnesses)
- As practical, in Complainant's own words

COLLECTION OF EVIDENCE

POSSIBLE EVIDENCE





- It has a tenancy to make a fact more or less probable than it would be without the evidence
- Fact is of consequence in determining the action or conduct
- Relevant evidence goes towards proving whether a fact of consequence to the actual allegations are more or less likely to be true

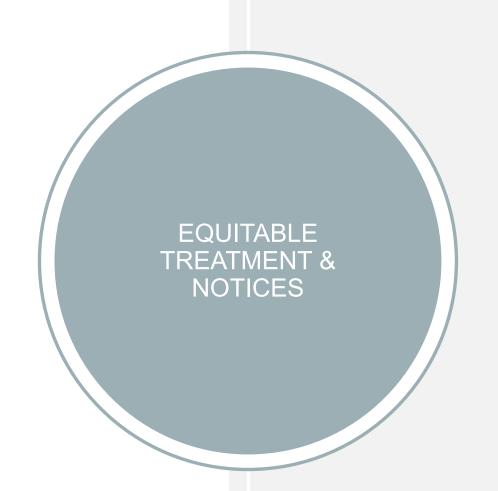
REMINDER

- Parties are not restricted in discussing allegations with others
- Parties have right to gather evidence favorable to their position
- No party can intimidate, harass, or retaliate
- Monitor situation during investigation

 Provide the parties with the same opportunity to have others present during the proceeding

 Provide written notice to a party who is invited or expected to participate

Provide the parties an equal opportunity to inspect and review any evidence



SCENARIO

OVERVIEW OF INTERVIEWS

Plan & Organize

 Think through scope and order of possible interviews

Purpose

 Used to discover information, corroborate facts, or determine credibility

Question s

 Sometimes beneficial to draft out specific questions or topics to address in each interview

OVERVIEW OF INTERVIEWS

Complainan t

 Conduct a thorough interview (even if multiple times) to gain complete understanding of specific allegations

Witnesses

 Identified by complainant or respondent, or discovered during investigation

Respondent

Timing of interview & discovery of relevant facts



- Listen
- Try to accept confusing emotions
- Recognize possibility of secondary trauma
- Avoid judgment
- Get specifics
- Focus on inculpatory and exculpatory evidence

- Parties may have an advisor present during interviews
- Advisor receives notices and reports
- Advisor may be an attorney
- Advisor does not engage in argument/interrogation during interviews
- School district not required to provide advisor



INVESTIGATIVE REPORT

 Before the investigative report is complete, provide evidence to both complainant and respondent (and their advisors) for review

Allow the parties 10 days to submit a written response

 Consider the parties' response prior to completion of report; more investigation may be needed



INVESTIGATIVE REPORT

- School districts must create an investigative report that "fairly summarizes relevant evidence"
- Send to each party the investigative report 10 days prior to a determination of responsibility
- Allow parties to review and respond to investigative report
- Exchange of questions on behalf of decision-maker

QUESTIONS